

KERALA PUBLIC SR. SEC. SCHOOL, JAITRAWAS

HOLIDAYS HOME ASSIGNMENT (2020-2021)

IX ENGLISH

Dear Students

The motive behind giving you Summer Holidays Work is always to keep you engaged with some fruitful activities in order to enhance your knowledge and language proficiency. Our first and foremost aim is to bring out the best in our students so that they can explore themselves to the world.

This Holiday Home Assignment has been categorised in three sections.

Section-A contains the writing work. For completing your writing work, you have already been helped out during your online classes. If any one of you have missed out any class, you may get to the audio, all are there on the KPS website.

Section- B consists of some vocabulary increasing content that has specially been planned to strengthen your language. The things included in this section are to MEMORISE only.

Section- C is based upon the basic grammar topics like Articles, Modals, Prepositions, Conjunctions Reported Speech etc. that you have learnt till standard Eight. This section contains only objective exercises. You are supposed to attempt these exercises in your Class Work note book/register only.

- ★ *Your prime job is to complete your work honestly and wholeheartedly without worrying about the accuracy of the answers. Give your best.*

ALL THE BEST!

ENJOY THE BREAK!

**TAKE EXERCISE AND ALL NECESSARY & PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES
TO KEEP YOURSELF HEALTHY AND AWAY FROM DISEASE.**

SECTION- A (LITERATURE)

- Do the following work in CW **note book / register**
 1. Make a lesson wise entry of the difficult word- meanings on your own Lesson- 2 (THE SOUND OF MUSIC), Lesson- 3 (THE LITTLE GIRL) along with the **long answer type questions** discussed during the classes from the BEEHIVE only.

SECTION-B (VOCABULARY)

PHRASAL VERBS

➤ **Blow in:-** arrive suddenly अचानक आना
He **blew in** from Delhi early this morning.

➤ **Blow up:-** explode फट जाना
The bomb **blew up** without any warning.

➤ **Calm down :-** Stop being angry शांत होना
When I lose my temper, it takes time for me to **calm down**.

➤ **Call off:-** cancel रद्द करना
Our Principal **called off** the meeting.

➤ **Care for:-** Like पसंद
I don't **care for** fizzy drinks, I prefer water.

➤ **Carry on :-** continue जारी रखो
Carry on quietly with your work.

➤ **Give up:-** stop doing something छोड़ देना
I **give up** taking sugar in tea and coffee.

➤ **Blow out:-** extinguish बुझाना
He **blew out** all candles on his birthday.

➤ **Act on :-** To take action on something. किसी चीज़ पर काम करना
The police **acted on** a tip from an informer and caught the thief.

Phrasal verbs with 'call'

1. **CALL AFTER**
 - a) To give a child the same name as someone else, especially someone from the same family.
e.g. The baby was **called after** her grandmother.
2. **CALL AT**
 - a) To stop at a place for a brief period of time (usually referring to a ship or train)
e.g. The ship will **call at** several ports on the way to the Bahamas.
3. **CALL AWAY**
 - a) To ask someone to leave somewhere or stop what they're doing in order to go somewhere else, usually urgently.
e.g. She was **called away** from the meeting to take an urgent phone call.
4. **CALL BACK**
 - a) To return a telephone call
e.g. I am driving. Can I **call** you **back** later?
5. **CALL BY**
 - a) To visit someone briefly on your way to somewhere else
e.g. Let's **call by** Alice's place on our way back from town.
6. **CALL DOWN**
 - a) To telephone or shout to someone downstairs
e.g. **Call down** to reception and ask for some more cups for the meeting.
 - b) To pray for something bad to happen
e.g. I shall **call down** God's wrath upon you!
7. **CALL FOR**
 - a) To publicly demand or ask for an action to happen
e.g. After the fire, the residents **called for** better health and safety procedures.
 - b) Something that is required or necessary
e.g. The job **calls for** excellent communication and networking skills.
 - c) To deserve a particular action
e.g. This good news **calls for** champagne!
8. **CALL OFF**
 - a) To cancel a plan or event that is happening or will happen
e.g. The Match was **called off** due to rain.
9. **CALL OUT**
 - a) To shout or speak loudly in order to get someone's attention
e.g. I **called out** her name, but she couldn't hear me over the music.
 - b) To ask someone to come and carry out a job/do something
e.g. We had to **call out** the plumber when there was no water in our house.

10. CALL UP

- a) To telephone someone
e.g. I **called up** Tom yesterday as we hadn't spoken in months.
- b) To bring back memories
e.g. That music **calls up** summers in the Lake District.
- c) To open something on the computer, bring up (Brit. Eng.)
e.g. If you want to **call up** the document, we can go through it together.

Commonly used Idioms & Phrases

1. **Pick the brain:** To seek advice from a person who knows a lot
e.g. I have some doubts I need to pick your brain.
2. **Cut to the chase:** Come to the point
e.g. I don't have much time, cut to the chase.
3. **Cup of tea:** Not interested in
e.g. Flattery is not my cup of tea.
4. **24x7:** Non-stop always
e.g. The pharmacy is open 24/7(24 Hours a day,7 days a week).
5. **Your call:** To leave a decision on another person
e.g. It's your call whether you want to go or not.
6. **To be taken by someone:** To be attracted by a particular plan or person
e.g. I was taken in by his words.
7. **(to feel) Under the weather:** to feel sick, low in energy
e.g. I am feeling under the weather today. So I can't come to your house.
8. **Dark horse:** Someone who has a surprising ability or skill
e.g. He turned out to be a dark horse. (छूपा रुस्तम)

Colourful Idioms & Phrases

1. **Red-letter day-** An important day
e.g. The day he got job was a **red-letter day**.
2. **Red handed-** Caught while committing a crime
e.g. He was caught **red handed** by the police.
3. **Red carpet welcome-** Grand welcome
e.g. The actor was given a **red-carpet welcome**.

4. **In red ink-** debt
e.g. The Company was **in red ink**.
5. **In the red-** Loss
e.g. Due to negligence the company was **in the red**.
6. **Grey Area-** Something without a clear rule or answer
e.g. Writing personal Email in the office is a **grey area** that needs to be discussed at the next meeting.
7. **Green Thumb-** To be skilled at the garden
e.g. My mother has a **green thumb**. She can make anything grow.
8. **Once in a blue moon-** Very rarely
e.g. **Once in a blue moon**, you will see the Headmaster smile
9. **White lie-** A small lie that is told to be polite or avoid hurting someone's feeling
e.g. I didn't like her dress, but I told a **white lie** because I didn't want to offend her.
10. **Out of the blue-** Unexpectedly
e.g. The rain came **out of the blue** and I didn't have an umbrella.

SECTION- C (GRAMMAR)

- Fill in the blanks in the paragraphs/ dialogues given below with the help of options that follow.

1.

Ram	:	(a)	me your English reader?
Sita	:	(b)	my English homework.
Ram	:	(c)	Ankit.
(a)	(i)	May you lend	(ii) Could you lend
	(iii)	Can you borrow	(iv) Are you lending
(b)	(i)	have yet to complete	(ii) will yet complete
	(iii)	shall have completed	(iv) am yet completing
(c)	(i)	shall ask	(ii) would asked
	(iii)	have been asked	(iv) had asked

2.

Stranger : (a) here?
Policeman : They (b) the shooting of a film.
Stranger : Which film (c) ?
(a) (i) Why are the people gather (ii) Why have the people gathered
(iii) Why did the people gather (iv) Why have the people gather
(b) (i) has come there to watch (ii) had gone here to watching
(iii) have come here to watch (iv) had come here to watch
(c) (i) is being shot here (ii) was being shot here
(iii) has been shooting here (iv) has been shot here

3.

Shivani : When did you arrive in Delhi, Mr. Shiv?
Shiv : I (a) yesterday.
Shivani : Did you (b) on the way?
Shiv : Nothing much, but someone (c) my bag while I was sleeping in the train.
Shivani : It is very sad news.
(a) (i) arrived (ii) have arrived
(iii) was arrived (iv) had arrived
(b) (i) had any difficulty (ii) have a difficulty
(iii) have any difficulty (iv) had a difficulty
(c) (i) ran away with (ii) runs away with
(iii) has run away with (iv) had run away

4. He will fly (a) Madras (b) 7th December. The plane (c) reach Madras (d) 11 am. He (e) stay at Hotel Plaza.

- a) (i) in (ii) on (iii) to (iv) after
b) (i) on (ii) in (iii) for (iv) from
c) (i) may (ii) can (iii) will (iv) could
d) (i) for (ii) at (iii) on (iv) by
e) (i) could (ii) will (iii) shall (iv) must

5. No matter how old you are, drink at least a glass of milk everyday (a) you want to sharpen (b) mental skills. A new study has claimed that drinking (c) glass of milk daily not only boosts one's intake of much needed nutrients, but it also positively impacts one's brain power.

- a) (i) that (ii) if (iii) then (iv) h
b) (i) her (ii) his (iii) my (iv) your
c) (i) a (ii) and (iii) an (iv) the

EDITING

- The following passages have not been edited. There is one error in each of the indicated lines. Write the incorrect word and the correction against the correct blank number.

I	Incorrect	Correct
Most trees has a single woody stem called	e.g. has	have
a trunk who supports a mass of branches	a) .....	.....
carrying leaves. Trees clean an air	b) .....	.....
to removing tiny airborne particles. The	c) .....	.....
leaves of trees give in oxygen.	d) .....	.....

II	Incorrect	Correct
Sachin Tendulkar is a best	e.g. a	the
cricketer in India. He has play for	a) .....	.....
more than 20 years on the country.	b) .....	.....
He retired from the games	c) .....	.....
last year. He is know for	d) .....	.....
his skill in batting or fielding.	e) .....	.....

III	Incorrect	Correct
Some days is good and some days	e.g. is	are
are bad. Today I got on very late. I	a) .....	.....
ran to bathe. Then I had to got ready	b) .....	.....
for my school. I ran by the bus stop	c) .....	.....
to catch my school bus. It had	d) .....	.....
already left but I came back home.	e) .....	.....
My mother scolding me.		

IV	Incorrect	Correct
The modern student understand the	e.g. understand	understands
importance for physical exercise.	a) .....	.....
He spend one or two hours daily	b) .....	.....
on the open air where he takes	c) .....	.....

part in exercises when work
wonders by his health.

- d)
e)

V
All men and woman can do
such work which is useful for the
society. If a man do not do this, he
is selfish. Such a man is the burden
of the society and the family.

- | | | |
|------|-----------|---------|
| | Incorrect | Correct |
| e.g. | woman | women |
| | a) ..... | ..... |
| | b) ..... | ..... |
| | c) ..... | ..... |
| | d) ..... | ..... |

OMISSION

- In the following paragraphs, one word has been omitted (removed) in each line. Write the missing word along with the word that comes before and the word that comes after it against the correct blank number. The first one has been done for you.

I	Word before	Missing Word	Word after
A large part India's population is illiterate. Illiteracy is biggest evil of the Indian society. Removal illiteracy is necessary an all-round development of the country.	e.g. part	of	India
	a) .....	.....	.....
	b) .....	.....	.....
	c) .....	.....	.....

II	Word before	Missing Word	Word after
Buddha taught people many different ways. He taught children telling stories. He gave detailed explanations the path to the wise. To others, taught without speaking any words all. He always talked with kindness and love.	e.g. people	in	many
	a) .....	.....	.....
	b) .....	.....	.....
	c) .....	.....	.....
	d) .....	.....	.....

III

Word **Missing** **Word**
Before **Word** **after**

Every year, many people visit temple town of Kanchipuram Tamil Nadu. Pilgrims have going there in Large numbers many centuries because they want see the splendid architecture of the temple.

e.g.

visit the temple
a)
b)
c)
d)

IV

Word **Missing** **Word**
Before **Word** **after**

If you have a telephone home, you will admit it rings when you least want it to ring specially when you asleep, or in middle of a meal or when you are in your bathe. Even you don't want to attend it, you not ignore it. The idiotic bell rings disturbs the privacy of your house.

e.g.

telephone at home
a)
b)
c)
d)
e)
f)

V

Word **Missing** **Word**
Before **Word** **after**

India must be the country in the World has so many festivals. All through the year are celebrated in such a variety ways. People exchange sweets, decorations gifts. People different communities get together And themselves.

e.g.

the only country
a)
b)
c)
d)
e)
f)

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